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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/851,624	05/08/2001	Paul Raposo		3680
7590 10/24/2005			EXAMINER	
Paul Raposo		MEINECKE DIAZ, SUSANNA M		
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San Francisco, CA 94107			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3623	

DATE MAILED: 10/24/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/851,624	RAPOSO, PAUL	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Susanna M. Diaz	3623	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repleted in the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuted the period for reply will, by statuted the period for reply will, so that the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	.136(a). In no event, however, may a re ply within the statutory minimum of thirt d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON te, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 (October 2005.	• •	
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Thi	is action is non-final.	•	
3) Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under	•		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on 05 October 2005 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination.	e: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ ole drawing(s) be held in abeyan ction is required if the drawing(ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in A cority documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on October 5, 2005 has been entered.

Applicant has submitted a substitute specification and additional drawings.

Claims 1-8, 10, 12, and 14 have been amended.

Claims 15-21 have been added.

Claims 1-21 are presented for examination.

2. The previously pending rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 101 is withdrawn.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed October 5, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant submits that the substitute specification and claim amendments overcome all rejections; however, the Examiner respectfully disagrees for the reasons presented in the revised rejections below.

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Applicant requests assistance from the Examiner in drafting a claim, as per MPEP 707.07(j); however, the Examiner cannot provide this assistance until allowable subject matter that is <u>fully supported</u> by the original disclosure is identified.

In conclusion, Applicant's arguments are not persuasive.

Specification/Drawings

4. The amendment filed October 5, 2005 is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132(a) because it introduces new matter into the disclosure (including the drawings). 35 U.S.C. 132(a) states that no amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention. The added material which is not supported by the original disclosure is as follows:

Applicant has made significant amendments to the specification, adding approximately 13 pages of subject matter that is not fully supported by the original disclosure. Principally, Applicant now incorporates various examples of applications of the invention; however, these examples include details that are not described in or inherent to the original disclosure, including the specification and drawings. Recently submitted Figures 2-6 correspond to the subject matter recently incorporated into the specification and are therefore deemed to present new matter as well.

Applicant is required to cancel the new matter in the reply to this Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

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The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

6. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventors, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Also, claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention, as intended by Applicant.

Claims 1-21 recite the indexing of different versions of a survey. The specification lacks adequate written disclosure to explain what is meant by indexing versions of a survey. Are the survey results used to measure the success of benchmarked goals of a survey requester or does the actual survey itself comprise various versions that are all compared to an original version? The specification states, "Benchmarks provide a quantifiable way to conceptually grade and measure the success of a survey against goals." (Page 4 of the specification) Again, is the success of a survey measured or do the results of the survey reflect the success of an entity in reaching established goals related to survey questions?

Also, what is meant by designing a survey with goals and weights (see claims 8-14)? Are survey questions literally weighted to reflect a level of importance or are they Application/Control Number: 09/851,624

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merely chosen to correspond to the information that a survey requester desires to ascertain from the survey results?

In claims 1-21, it is not clear what is meant by indexing surveys. Are the survey results used to measure the success of benchmarked goals of a survey requester or does the actual survey itself comprise various versions that are all compared to an original version? What is meant by creating a survey index based on applying goal answer values and weights to the sets of answer values? Furthermore, how does this serve to allow for a comparison of different versions of the survey? If the weights of a variety of questions can be altered for each survey version, how can the success of each survey be benchmarked against another survey with different weights? By weighting each question, the person designing the survey is imparting some sort of bias to each survey. Applicant has compared the index reflecting the success of each survey to a stock market index; however, the stock market is dynamically changing over time and is compared to a desired value. The more a stock is worth, the better it is performing. On the other hand, each survey is based on a different version or selected groups of questions and respective weights for each question. The various surveys seem to present more factors to take into account than assessment of stock market performance. Also, the stock market index is quantifiable in relation to a fixed goal (i.e., the higher the value of the stock, the better it is performing). Surveys are subjective in nature. How does weighting the questions determine if the survey is successful? Is it analogous to scoring a batch of SATs and making the questions either easier or harder or weighting them differently until the average score is 1200? How is the goal of a set

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of surveys determined? Is it a subjective goal or a scored goal? The invention recites various weights, goals, and indices; however, no real-world significance is applied to either in a context that explains how any useful comparison of the different versions of a survey is reasonably and consistently achieved. The Examiner has looked toward the specification (especially as originally filed) and has not found sufficient clarification to answer of all of these questions.

Without adequate written disclosure regarding the aforementioned questions, the Examiner submits that one of ordinary skill in the art would not know how to make and/or use the claimed invention, as intended by Applicant.

Appropriate clarification is required.

Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to 7. comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Applicant has made significant amendments to the specification, adding approximately 13 pages of subject matter that is not fully supported by the original disclosure. Principally, Applicant now incorporates various examples of applications of the invention; however, these examples include details that are not described in or inherent to the original disclosure, including the specification and drawings. Amended

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and newly added claims 1-21 extensively incorporate this subject matter recently added to the specification and are therefore deemed to present new matter as well.

- 8. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 9. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 1, the phrase "such as" (in the third to last line) renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

In claims 1-21, it is not clear what is meant by indexing surveys. Are the survey results used to measure the success of benchmarked goals of a survey requester or does the actual survey itself comprise various versions that are all compared to an original version? What is meant by creating a survey index based on applying goal answer values and weights to the sets of answer values? Furthermore, how does this serve to allow for a comparison of different versions of the survey? If the weights of a variety of questions can be altered for each survey version, how can the success of each survey be benchmarked against another survey with different weights? By weighting each question, the person designing the survey is imparting some sort of bias to each survey. Applicant has compared the index reflecting the success of each survey to a stock market index; however, the stock market is dynamically changing over

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Appropriate correction is required.

10. Because claims 1-21 are so indefinite, no art rejection is warranted as substantial guesswork would be involved in determining the scope and content of these claims.

See In re Steele, 305 F.2d 859, 134 USPQ 292 (CCPA 1962); Ex parte Brummer, 12

USPQ 2d, 1653, 1655 (BdPatApp&Int 1989); and also In re Wilson, 424 F.2d 1382, 165

USPQ 494 (CCPA 1970). Prior art pertinent to the disclosed invention is nevertheless

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cited and applicants are reminded they must consider all cited art under Rule 111(c) when amending the claims to conform with 35 U.S.C. 112.

Conclusion

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Susanna M. Diaz whose telephone number is (571) 272-6733. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 10 am - 6 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tariq Hafiz can be reached on (571) 272-6729. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Susanna M. Diaz Primary Examiner Art Unit 3623

October 20, 2005